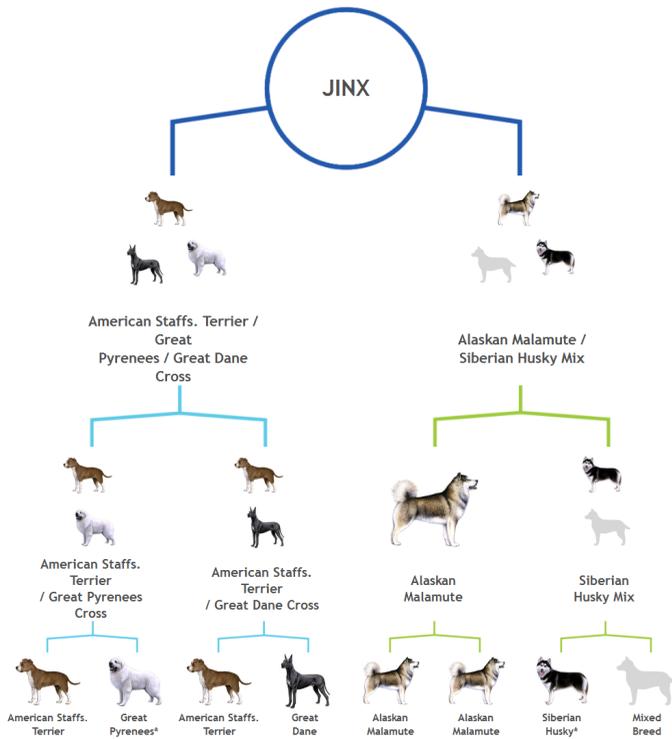


Ancestry Results

JINX's Ancestry Results By Percentage

- 25% Alaskan Malamute
- 25% American Staffordshire Terrier
- 12.5% Great Dane
- 12.5% Great Pyrenees
- 12.5% Siberian Husky
- 12.5% Mix

JINX's Ancestry Tree



* Breed detected, however at a lower confidence

Wisdom Panel®

Canine DNA Test

Mixed Breed Results

A portion of Jinx's ancestry was predicted to be mixed beyond the three generations we test for. It is difficult to identify strong individual breed signals in this mixed portion, so we have listed the genetic breed groups with the strongest statistical likelihood below. The breed groups are listed in order of strength with the most likely at the top of the list.

Asian

The Asian Group is comprised mainly of breeds from the Asian and Arctic regions of the world. Often bred for guarding or working they have been invaluable assets to man throughout the ages.

Examples of breeds in the Asian group are:

Alaskan Malamute, Chinese Shar-Pei, Chow Chow, Siberian Husky

Herding

The herding group is a diverse category. These highly intelligent breeds were developed to guard and control the movement of livestock.

Examples of breeds in the Herding group are:

Australian Cattle Dog, Border Collie, German Shepherd Dog, Great Pyrenees

Hound

The most common ancestral trait of this group is being used for hunting. Some use acute powers of scent to follow a trail while others demonstrate the gift of stamina as they run down a quarry. Beyond these two common traits, however, generalizations about hounds are hard to come by as the group is comprised of a very diverse lot of breeds.

Examples of breeds in the Hound group are:

Basset Hound, Beagle, Treeing Walker Coonhound, Bloodhound

Companion

This group consists of dogs typically bred for the specific purpose of human companionship, and many are popular pets because of their gentle nature. They became more common as the concept and luxury of dogs as pets prevailed.

Examples of breeds in the Companion group are:

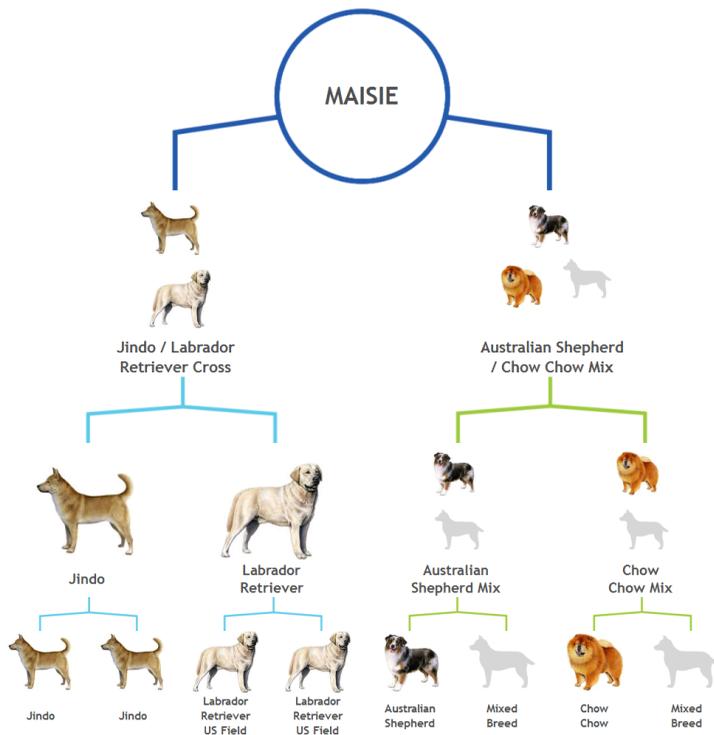
Bichon Frise, Pug, Shih Tzu, Keeshond, Pomeranian

Ancestry Results

MAISIE's Ancestry Results By Percentage

- 25% Jindo
- 25% Labrador Retriever
- 12.5% Australian Shepherd
- 12.5% Chow Chow
- 25% Mix

MAISIE's Ancestry Tree



Mixed Breed Results

A portion of Maisie's ancestry was predicted to be mixed beyond the three generations we test for. It is difficult to identify strong individual breed signals in this mixed portion, so we have listed the genetic breed groups with the strongest statistical likelihood below. The breed groups are listed in order of strength with the most likely at the top of the list.

Herding

The herding group is a diverse category. These highly intelligent breeds were developed to guard and control the movement of livestock.

Examples of breeds in the Herding group are:

Australian Cattle Dog, Border Collie, German Shepherd Dog, Great Pyrenees

Sporting

The sporting group of breeds is incredibly diverse in personality and appearance, but can be characterized as a very sturdy group that was developed to work closely with people and in general have a very responsive nature and high intelligence.

Examples of breeds in the Sporting group are:

Cocker Spaniel, Golden Retriever, Poodle, Weimaraner

Terrier

The Terrier Group ancestors were bred to hunt and kill vermin. They are often characterized as feisty and energetic dogs whose sizes range from fairly small to much larger.

Examples of breeds in the Terrier group are:

Russell Terrier, Soft-coated Wheaten Terrier, Standard Schnauzer, Chihuahua, Miniature Pinscher

Hound

The most common ancestral trait of this group is being used for hunting. Some use acute powers of scent to follow a trail while others demonstrate the gift of stamina as they run down a quarry. Beyond these two common traits, however, generalizations about hounds are hard to come by as the group is comprised of a very diverse lot of breeds.

Examples of breeds in the Hound group are:

Basset Hound, Beagle, Treeing Walker Coonhound, Bloodhound